

The Messenger.
HENRY WOODRUFF,
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM
IN ADVANCE.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HENRY A. WILSON,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

W. L. MARSHALL, of Worcester;
CHARLES KELTON, of Boston;

FIRST DISTRICT:
CHARLES A. COE, of Boston.

SECOND DISTRICT:
M. S. CHANDLER, of Boston.

THIRD DISTRICT:
THEODORE SANFORD, of Boston.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR:
O. P. WHITCOMB.

FOR CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT:
SHERWOOD HOUGH, of Essex.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Representative in Congress from
the Third District,
GEN. J. T. AVERILL.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Auditor,
DAVID B. LOOMIS.

For Judge of Probate,
E. G. BUTTS.

For County Commissioners,
HENRY WESTING, 20 Districts;
S. L. COWAN, 3d District.

For State Representatives,
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, 23 District;
J. R. M. GASKILL, 3d District.

PRESIDENT GRANT AND GEN.
RAWLINS

THE LATTER'S BROTHER DENIES
INFAMOUS SLANDER.

If there is any one who could possibly doubt the malicious fidelity of the changes against President Grant concerning the family of Gen. Rawlins, his following letter of the brother of Gen. Rawlins, in reply to an article respecting those slanders, will set the matter at rest in honest minds.

Take note that the brother of Gen. Rawlins says, most emphatically, that "The whole course of President Grant," before and since the death of Gen. Rawlins, has been "so generous, and given such earnest evidence of his great regard for Gen. Rawlins as to place our whole family under the deepest gratitude."

Also that the fund for the benefit was fully accounted for in every respect and invested in the manner designated by the conditions "to the perfect satisfaction of the family," who are paid more by such slanders than the President could possibly be!

What further answer is needed to the maliciously wicked and criminal and false slanders of Gen. Grant's enemies, in regard to this matter? Is there any excuse for their wicked and lying inventions?

If Gen. Rawlins' whole family feel the deepest gratitude to Gen. Grant, and his conduct of the matter has been "to the perfect satisfaction of the family," what reason have outsiders to find fault, however prominent they have attempted to make themselves, except petty, personal, or partisan motives, unvarying of any one, even though they may have been snubbed by Gen. Grant or members of the Rawlins' family for obvious intermingling.

But enough. We give below the letter referred to. With it, our comments may have been unnecessary. Let us feel deeply the wrong and injustice of this cruel slander, and sincerely regret that any one, even the least prominent should be so carried away by prejudice and personal feeling, as to give it countenance for a moment. The truth is the entire opposite.

Greeneville. In your edition of last Friday, the 12th inst., appears an editorial headed "A Dear Friend," in which you refer to the President's connection with the late Gen. Rawlins, and say that he "had intended to reflect very unjustly upon the former's conduct for the latter." As a brother of Gen. Rawlins, I have to request that you will give a place in your paper for this note, in which I hope to show that the statement made further from the true facts in the case, than the statement made in the editorial referred to.

The whole course of the President during his administration, and the death of his brother, has been "so generous, and given such earnest evidence of his great regard for Gen. Rawlins, as to place our whole family under the deepest gratitude."

The letter endorsed by the parents and friends of Gen. Rawlins was read over to the President, and was passed over to him, without any record of his having seen it. It was read over to him, without any record of his having seen it.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
JAMES S. RAWLINS.

Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1872.

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVIII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1872.

NO. 5

AMENDMENTS TO STATE CONSTITUTION.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.
AN ABLE AND HONEST LETTER AC-
CUTING THE LOUISVILLE
NOMINATION.

We have already chronicled the acceptance by that able and patriotic lawyer and gentleman, Chas. O'Connor, of New York, of the "regular" democratic nomination at Louisville, for President. And now comes the acceptance of John Quincy Adams, of the nomination for Vice-President. We commend to the consideration of Greeley men his judgment of Horatio Greeley. Although it is plain that the choice lies between Greeley and Grant, and that Grant will be elected, this nomination at least gives honest Democrats, who are bound to vote for none but Democratic nominations, a chance to vote for honest men.

Quincy, Sept. 15, 1872.—Mr. W. C. Moreau, chairman of a committee of the convention at Louisville—Sir: I have just received from you a formal notification of my nomination upon the ticket with Mr. O'Connor, for the office of Vice-President, by the convention lately held at Louisville. I have already indicated by telegraph my cheerful acceptance of the position, if it should be conferred that my name will in any way promote the candidacy of Mr. O'Connor, but to avoid misunderstanding, let me state frankly from the base incitements which time had gathered around them, a man of sound principles who could not vote for incompetent and unfit candidates, might rally and steadfastly abide a time more propitious for calm and consistent action.

Mr. Edison was born in Southbridge, Mass., March 4th, 1840. He removed, with his parents, from that State to this place, in 1856, making his home here since that time. In 1862 he became connected with the newspaper business here, in which he continued up to the time of his death. He was married in 1869 to Miss L. E. Gray, of Bakersfield, Cal., who bore him three children—two girls and a boy. To these he was a provident and affectionate husband and father; to his parents a dutiful son; to his brothers and sisters, a loving and cherished brother; to an aunt, a devoted nephew.

His early struggles and privations for those whom he loved were many, and are well known to most of our citizens, and will be to all who read this. His success came with regret, and by all with admiration of the indomitable will he manifested in overcoming all obstacles. Although for many years a public servitor, in a most enviable position, we feel free to say that he never, knowingly, injured anyone, either publicly or privately. While of friends he had few, he died with the assurance that of enemies he had many who were always governed by strict adherence to the Golden Rule; and even in his business transactions, his neighbors' benevolence was evident.

This is of those who hoped that a genuine and homogeneous movement in the direction of a radical reform in the administration of the general government, and a return to the simplicity of function and strictly disinterested activity to which their constitution seems to me to refer, the federal government might have been converted between a large part of the Democratic party and a considerable body of Republicans who were known to be disinterested and alarmed by the course of the administration. There were several distinguished statesmen in that class who had dedicated with decent and diffused with us in respect to measures rather than fundamental and essential principles, whom our country have followed naturally and could in such a path—of tried and adulated success.

It is of those who have the

right to withdraw the shock of defeat for an instant. This is a man under the name of whom may gather about the nucleus which he has preserved, and by an honest and faithful evolution, by precept and example, to the plain and simple dictates of a genuine Democratic policy, may in time conquer, legitimately and fairly, their vindication and adoption.

I have the honor to be very res-

pectfully, your obedient servant,

J. Q. ADAMS.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The net total reduction of internal taxes and customs duties from July 1st, 1865, to June 1st, 1872, is \$93,672,538.71.

This is the work of the Republican party.

No one of its shows

more clearly the honesty of the party and the economy which it has practiced.

During the same period the taxes of the city of New York nearly doubled, the city debt increased from about \$53,000,000 to \$120,000,000, and the people were plundered by the corrupt Democratic ring who had possession of treasury, not less than \$40,000,000. Apply the same rule to the nation, and our debt would bankrupt the people and taxation would be unbearable. We have an honest and economical administration.

The effects as presented to the people prove this beyond doubt. To retain power in the hands of those who have been faithless should be the duty of all good citizens.

We object to the Greeley move-

ment because we believe its suc-

cess would introduce dishonesty into our country.

The disinter-

ation of the Republican party

is the work of the

Democrats.

The question then stands in this way: "These expenditures must be made, and no future Legislature, after investigating the subject, will feel itself at liberty to further postpone improvement which are most urgently needed. If the money to finish the Penitentiary, and to enlarge its capacity, is borrowed it will be raised by taxation; so that tax-payers can determine for themselves whether they will spread the expenditures over a period of twenty years, where they will be scarcely felt, or pay the whole amount in a single year. That they might have an opportunity to understand this phase of the subject a re-submission of the question at the next election is ordered by the last Legislature.

In spite of the heavy decrease

in taxation since the first of July

and first of August, the national

debt was reduced \$10,827,542 dur-

ing September.

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 4, 1872.

NO. 5

form must have satisfied any candid man upon that head.

At this time, when it seemed to me that a valuable fundamental principle was lost sight of and thrown aside in a futile scramble for a decisive and dangerous triumph, the suggestion of Mr. O'Connor for a third candidate seemed to offer a welcome refuge for such as might wish to hold fast the Democratic fraternity, as well as by his acquaintances generally. We extract the following from the notice, however endorsing its testimony to his good qualities, and with a feeling of deep sympathy for those who are so deeply bereaved:

His noble and poignant letter to the convention appeared to me to be of great value as a restatement of grand primary principles of popular free government, which must prove of real use in stimulating the cause of the Lungs, Chas. W. Folson, aged 26 years, 6 months and 18 days.

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His wide and indolent fame for ability, integrity, and single-minded indifference to official preferment, pointed him out rather than any other man, as the fittest to hold the standard around which those men of all parties who could not vote for incompetent and unfit candidates, might rally and steadfastly abide a time more propitious for calm and consistent action.

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The Messenger.

FRI DAY, OCT. 4, 1872.

LOCAL NEWS.

BREVITIES.

See the advertisement, on our first page, of fourteen heavy horses for sale.

Stamps are not hereafter required, except upon bank checks, drafts and orders.

See the advertisement on our first page, of Cabinet Organ and furniture, for sale cheap.

The next regular meeting of the Grant and Wilson Club, will be on Thursday evening of next week.

Our thanks to kind friends for some choice fruits, vegetables, &c., that strayed to us from the County Fair.

"Smile they come!"—Mr. J. E. Spilde and Miss Hattie Stephens have joined the matrimonial ranks—sensible people.

The Firemen's ball was a success financially as well as otherwise. They cleared over two hundred dollars, above expenses.

The able and eloquent Hon. C. K. Davis, of St. Paul, is to address a mass meeting of Republicans at Ossceola on Wednesday, October 10th.

Linen steamers are unable to go up the river to St. Paul now, and Stillwater is, as usual, in low water, the head of navigation for large boats.

Our trains to Duluth, on the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad from this city, St. Paul and Minneapolis, are to be discontinued after Saturday of next week.

A few more changes in the timetable of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Division of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and we republish the table on our front page.

The White Collar Steamboat Line has just been incorporated under the laws of Missouri, with a capital of \$50,000, and the privilege of increasing it up to \$500,000.

The Methodist Church at Taylors Falls is to be provided over the coming year, by Rev. F. S. Nease, and the church at Newport, in this county, by Rev. C. A. Stephenson.

YESTERDAY, Thursday, Oct. 3d, was New Year's Day of the Jews, and their stores were closed for services held by them throughout the country. Saturday, the 12th, the day of Atone-ment, will also be observed by them.

Poor L. Siebert, leader of Siebert's famous orchestra, St. Paul, has opened a dancing school here this winter, of twenty-four lessons, and will meet those who desire to attend, at Concert Hall, from 2 to 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

The central stone building for the workshop of the Penitentiary, is being erected, this completing the building the two stone wings are the portions now occupied by the workshops, and the connecting center will add greatly to the convenience as well as the appearance of the building.

Mr. Philip S. Harris, manager of the Land Department of the Lake Superior & Mississippi Railroad, was in the city a few days since, securing some fine specimens of the fruits, grain, vegetables, &c., on exhibition at our County Fair, to place in his collection to be exhibited at the Fair of the American Institute, New York.

The Japanese had a large audience at Concert Hall, on Tuesday evening, and their performances were exceedingly wonderful and marvelous as well as entertaining, and in some cases very amusing. Mr. D. Davis is no stranger to the arts of the company. It is a ridiculous process, and he will probably visit this city again with his troupe.

The proceedings of the annual Methodist Conference at Winona, which closed the first of this week, we find that Rev. C. H. Snyder is to continue to supply the pulpit of the Methodist Church in this city. For this the Stillwater people should most certainly rejoice, for Mr. Snyder is a man of culture and ability, as well as an earnest Christian gentleman.

Mr. Jotham Lowell has become associated with Mr. C. P. Shepard, of the popular feed store on Main street, near the old Post Office. They are making preparations, in their ample room, to put in a stock of groceries, provisions, &c. They have a good stand, and will doubtless continue to succeed in their new field. Mr. Lowell, from his experience in his store in the Sawyer House block, understands thoroughly the wants of the trade.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

LOGS AND LUMBER.

THE COUNTY FAIR.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS OF INTEREST.

We refer our readers to the premium lists, published in today's Messenger, for details of articles exhibited at our County Fair last week, and the successful competitors for premiums. But there are quite a number of things not mentioned in our list which have attracted our special attention, and we shall attempt to briefly note some of them, regretting that we shall be unable to make mention of many others, which made this the second fair of Washington County, and the first held in Stillwater, an exceedingly attractive exhibition and a great success.

FINE HORSES.

There was a very fine display of horses, and quite a number of contestants for the first premium. The team of St. Croix Lake horses, which is now stationary, the Mississippi is reported to have twelve inches at the hoof, and twelve inches at the hock, is the best of Lake Pepin, owned by Burlington and St. Louis, with the exception of a fewrafts laying in Savanna Bay for sale. There are no St. Croix legs laying along the river much. The St. Croix Lake has risen twelve inches during the past week, is now stationary; the Mississippi is reported to have twelve inches at the hoof, and twelve inches at the hock, is the best of Lake Pepin, owned by Burlington and St. Louis.

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SCHOOL NOTICE.

Took the Premium.—The new style of coal stove of Mr. O. A. Ricker, successor to John Green, on exhibition at the County Fair, was awarded two first premiums—one as the best heat burner, and the other as the best self-regulating parlor heater. Mr. Ricker is ready to fill orders for this superior stove.

The pony race was won by Fred. Bean's "Don Blue."

The running race, open to all horses, was won by "Huckleberry," entered by Mr. C. A. Bromley, and McMillan, who won three out of five heats. Wm. Rutherford & Wheeler with twelve strings long and short logs sold for

the first time to parties to buy the premium horses, but the premium list did not fit us, and we are compelled to accept its verdict.

FINE HORSES.

The trials of stables were of course, largely a success, one class which was a trotting race on Friday afternoon, for a purse of \$25, mile heats, best two in three. Mr. C. A. Bromley's stable, which was the second premium at the State Fair, were awarded the first premium. They looked magnificently, for they are a noble and splendid pair of animals, and it is no discredit to the fine team of Mr. St. John's who took the second premium, or the other good animals there such that a team should carry off the prize. We intended to make mention of the premium horses, but the premium list did not fit us, and we are compelled to accept its verdict.

SECOND CLASS.

Mr. C. A. Bromley, "Black Bull," driven by John Johnson, won the first premium.

Mr. C. A. Bromley's stable, which was the second premium at the State Fair, were awarded the first premium.

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Mr. C. A. Bromley's double team, Fanny and Jim, driven by Mr. McMillan; Wm. Rutherford & Wheeler with twelve strings long and short logs sold for

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H. S. S.

The Messenger.
HENRY WOODRUFF,
Editor and Proprietor.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM
IN ADVANCE.

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVIII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 11, 1872.

NO. 6

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HENRY WILSON,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,

AT LARGE:

W. R. MARSHALL, of Romney;

CHARLES KETTERLICH, of Fredericksburg;

FIRST DISTRICT:

CHARLES A. COE, of Houston;

SECOND DISTRICT:

M. B. CHANDLER, of Goodells;

THIRD DISTRICT:

THEODORE SANDEL, of Waynes.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
O. P. WHITCOMB,
of Olmsted.

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
SHELDON HOUGH,
of Ramsey.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Representative in Congress from
the Third District,

GEN. J. T. AVERILL.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Auditor,
DAVID B. LOOMIS.

For Judge of Probate,
E. G. BUTTS.

For County Commissioners,
HENRY WESTING, 2d District;
S. L. COWAN, 3d District;
For State Representatives,
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, 2d District;
J. E. M. GASKILL, 3d District.

THE STATE ELECTIONS.

REPUBLICAN VICTORIES ALL AROUND.

Large Majorities in Ohio
Penn., Indiana, and
Nebraska.

A REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE IN
INDIANA, AND THE GOVERNORSHIP
DOUBTFUL.

The results of the State elections last Tuesday have more than fulfilled the hopes of the Republicans—and of all men who were but to believe that a combination based upon deception and false pretenses, could possibly succeed. The result is a lesson which political tricksters should not soon forget.

Ohio gives 15,000 Republican majority with a legislature largely Republican.

In Pennsylvania, where it was feared that a split among Republicans, on the question of Governor, would result in the election of a Democrat, not only is a Republican Legislature elected, but Harraught, republican, is elected Governor by about 31,000 majority. There is also a gain of six Congressmen.

Nebraska is republican all through, by 5,000 majority.

And even in Democratic Indiana, the Legislature, Republican, and it is doubtful whether Hendricks, who is very popular, and ran far ahead of his ticket, is elected.

Dan Van Vorhes, who at first denounced the Greeley fraud, but was seduced to his support by a nomination for Congress, was badly defeated.

This is but a faint picture of the glorious victory to follow in November. This leading democratic journals now admit. On the result of this election they staked their hopes.

And the people rejoice.

GREELEY AND HIS REFORMERS.

Mr. Greeley is unfortunate. The only man whose past record will bear investigation has gone to Europe. Sumner on the stump might have helped him a little. We believe he has been free from the men who disfigure the records of other leading reformers. Trumbull's acceptance of a gift or fee of \$10,000 from Andy Johnson for doing little or nothing; Schurz's fraud on the poor Germans who bought lots of him at Watertown, Wis., and afterwards lost them because they were heavily mortgaged by Schurz; and his indolence to the government of \$1,012.82 over payment while minister to Spain in 1862; Doolittle's confidential letters to Conaway, whereby he secured a profit to trade in cotton for said Conaway, and return a quarter interest in the speculation, and Farnsworth's pocketing \$1,500 for sending his regiment over the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago road, have shaken the public faith in the purity of the motives of Greeley's reform leaders. Can't Horace secure one honest reformer to plead his cause?

WORK has been temporarily suspended on the St. Paul & Pacific branches of the Northern Pacific Railroad, on account of some misunderstanding as to the terms on which funds were being advanced by European parties. The work on the main line of the Northern Pacific is not affected.

"A BLACKGUARD REBUKED."

We are glad to see that the Minneapolis Evening Times, the Greeley newspaper of that city, has the manliness to properly rebuke, in an article under the heading, the degrading indecency of a blackguard, even though that blackguard is one of the principal leaders of the Greeley party in this State, was one of its prime movers, and a prominent member of the Cincinnati Convention.

This article will, we think, justly censure him to keep company with Morton S. Wilkinson, whose low street brawl in Mankato, a few weeks since, in which, fanning with rage, he quarreled with one of his own party, calling him "A God-dam lying — — —" (we omit a portion of his language as too indecent for publication) created such a sensation in St. Paul, Mankato, and other parts.

We do not wonder that the Times is ashamed that the Greeley Democracy in this State is led by such men. That they were the originators and are the engineers of the Minnesota division of this great sham and humbug.

The following is the article from the Times:

"A BLACKGUARD REBUKED.

If there is a sad sight in this world, it is to hear an old man like Judge Goodrich, stand up in the presence of an audience, and tell filthy stories which could only be told on both sides, that whenever party wins Pennsylvania and Indiana, and Ohio, is causing the President to shun them.

Now, we do not think that the public journals admitted, or believe that even should the above State elections go Democratic, Grant would be defeated. For there were three candidates for Governor in Pennsylvania, and a split among Republicans in regard to Hartman.

But as Ohio, Pennsylvania and Nebraska have gone Republican, and Indiana probably, of course, as the Gazette says, that settles the question, and Grant will be re-elected.

WHAT CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS THINKS

OUR OPINION OF GRANT AND GREELEY.

Our readers will remember the disgust and deep disappointment of Democrats and other honest men led into the Cincinnati movement when that Conventor, instead of nominating for President Charles Francis Adams, a gentleman and a statesman, who would be a President of whom we would be proud, and an honor to us among the nations of the earth, by his remarks before the Greeley crowd in this city on Saturday evening were so utterly filthy as to be an insult to the audience, as well as a degradation to himself. If he supposes that the details of his chicanery possess any charm for a Minnesota audience, or any argument for the Greeley cause, he is mistaken—and if he had done justice done him Saturday night, we would not only have been turned out of the hall, but kicked beyond the city limits, as a bold blackguard whose presence was contamination."

DEATH OF H. M. SEWARD.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward died at his residence at Auburn, N. Y., Thursday afternoon. Mr. Seward was born on the 16th of May, 1801, at Florida, New York, which State he has ever since been his home. At the age of fifteen he entered Union College, and after taking his degree, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1822. In 1719 taught school in Georgia for a few months and returned to his studies with impressions strongly unfavorable to slavery. In 1824 he pronounced against the abolition of slaves, and in 1825 declined a nomination for Congress.

Mr. Adams goes on to say that he was concerned in the movement which led to the Cincinnati Convention from which it appears that he is an enthusiast in favor of civil service reform and specie payments, and was dissatisfied with the administration of General Grant on account of the civil rights bill, force bill, &c., of which Horace Greeley was the champion. He proceeds to pay a high tribute to General Grant, and to give the following reasons for supporting him:

"He was my old General, and as such I felt toward him not as a fool, but as those only feel who have passed through long days and nights of hasty agony, looking to others for succor, and finding none. He was with him through his ultimate victory, and in the end he gave him that just reward. And let me further say that, I, in common with a vast multitude of others have had my admiration and sympathy deeply excited by the grand science with which the President has conducted the vile chicanery of a lame, limping, which has so persistently been foisted upon him. General Grant cannot be once both the wretched imbecile and the cunning scoundrel he is, and I am sure those who have so indiscreetly lauded him that they are guilty of a grave error of judgment if they fondly believe that the men who stood by him while he was in the air, will drive him from his side by the turning of a single leaf. The whole country is disgusted with this, the vile scoundrel known as carpet-bagism is disengaged, and the States lately in the rebellion are at a loss to find them selves. The only contingency which can force him to resign is for General Grant to make a most ungracious example."

"There is but one thing we cannot suffer in our under-
world, that is to make the scoundrel become ridiculous. With what hope or even face could we, during the rest of our lives, go returning again, when once we had allowed ourselves to be made such very stupid pupes of impudence, and avarice, as General Grant is? And I assure you he would be a scoundrel, a scoundrel up like a scarecrow, of a dilapidated hat and shabby coat."

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St. Paul Stillwater & Taylors Falls Railroad.

RECEIPTING OFFICE, St. Paul, Sept. 16, 1872.
On and after May 20th, trains will run every day, and depart from Stillwater and St. Paul, as follows:
Leave Stillwater, 8:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 2:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive St. Paul, 9:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 3:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.
Leave St. Paul, 12:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
Arrive Stillwater, 1:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m.
The 8:00 a.m. train, from Stillwater, connects with the Steamer NELLIE KENT, with full runs between Stillwater and Taylors Falls, and vice versa.
Leave Stillwater, 10:00 a.m. 12:00 m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Taylors Falls, 11:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.
Arrive at Stillwater, 12:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
Connecting with the Stage Line, St. Paul.
Arrive at Taylors Falls, and depart from St. Paul, and
Stillwater, 1:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m.
JNO. F. LINDGREN, Superintendent.

St. Paul & Sioux City R. R.

On and after May 20th, trains will run as follows:

St. Paul & Worthington Trains.
Leave St. Paul, 7:00 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 3:00 p.m.
St. Peter, 12:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
Arrive at Sioux City, 8:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at St. Paul, 9:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.
Arrive at Sioux City, 10:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
Arrive at St. Paul, 11:00 a.m. 2:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m.

MANKATO EXPRESSES.

Leave St. Paul, 11:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Mankato, 12:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.

Trains connect at Mankato for Minneapolis, at 8:00 a.m. with the Lake Superior, St. Paul & Pacific St. Paul & Chicago Railroads, and at Taylors Falls, with stage for Winona, daily, at 8:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m., and for the Upper Mississippi, at 12:30 p.m. with stage for St. Paul, daily, at 1:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. with stage for Jackson, Minn., daily, at 5:00 p.m.

Trains will be procured at Depot of Robert Street.

JNO. F. LINCOLN, Superintendent.

J. C. BOYDEN, Gen. Ticket Agent.

Lake Superior & Mississippi River Division, Northern Pacific Railroad.

Direct Route to St. Paul, St. Anthony, Minneapolis, Chaska and Farver.

Broadway, Minneapolis and all points on Northern Pacific R. R. and Red River, Duluth, Lake Superior and lower Lake ports and all Points East.

Favorite Summer Route Between the Northwest and East.

Three Trains daily each way.

Between Stillwater and St. Paul, making quick stops.

On and after May 20th, 1872, trains will run (Sunday excepted) as follows:

St. Paul Trainings.

Stillwater, 8:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 12:30 p.m.
do, 11:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 3:00 p.m.
do, 4:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
St. Paul, 9:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m.
do, 2:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
do, 4:45 p.m. 6:45 p.m.

DULUTH, MINNEAPOLIS & CARTER.

Leave St. Paul, 11:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Duluth, 12:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.
Arrive at Minneapolis, 1:00 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m.
Arrive at Carter, 1:30 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m.

*Through tickets to Duluth and Winona, and excursion to Carter, to Duluth and Winona, and return, on sale at St. Paul.

W. W. HENRY, Gen. Manager.

G. O. SANDERS, Gen. Agent.

R. W. HENRY, Freight Agent.

The Messenger.

THE FIRST PARTING.

BY MARIAH DOUGLASS.

"Yes, I am off tomorrow morn!
Next week I shall be fain for you!
And you'll be glad when I am gone—
Say, shan't you be, Lucindy?"

A summer flower, herself the maid,
Stood tall and sweetly sprays,
A June pink in her hair's smooth braid,
A rosebud in her fingers.

Plucked from the tall bush in the yard,
Whose white flowers waved above her;

And parting never seemed so hard
As just then, to her lover.

Her lip began to quiver: the red
Upon her cheek grew paler,

"It seems a strange choice, Tom,"
she said.

"For you to be a sailor."

"And when the wild, wild clouds I see,
And when the nights are windy,
I—" "Bless your soul! you'll pray for me;"

I know you will, Lucindy!"

The rosebud from her hand she took,
"This flower," he said, "I'll save it,
And keep it pressed within a book,
Remembering who gave it.

"I never cared, as women do,
For garden beds and posies,
But somehow—why, I never knew—
I always loved white roses.

They seem just fit for weddin's;
when

I come again from Indy,
My bride, you'll wear white roses then;

Come, won't you—say Lucindy?"

A sudden flame upon her cheek
Her eyes the quick tears filling,

The answer gave she would not speak.

Les' she might seem wellin'

For, "Tom," she said, "how can it be?"

Here all my life, you've known me;

No word of love you've said to me,
No sign you've ever shown me,"

And he said, "True, but though I hate!"

My love, I've wished you knew it,
And tried to speak, and felt too faint
At heart to dare to do it;

"But when my mind was fixed to go
A sailor, out to Indy,

I said, "I'd have a Yes or No,"

Say it's Yes, Lucindy!"

Yes, Tom! it's yes!" she whis-

pered when

I learned that you were going,

I found you had my heart; till then

"Twas yours without my knowing!"

Soft on her sleek fell, wet with dew,
A roseleaf from above her;

A warmer found her red lip knew—

The first kiss of her lover!

Though still the song and flushed
Took up the strain,

And how the tears are starting,

What joy that life can give, is half

So sweet as love's first parting!

—From the Advertiser for October.

As Indian town has the following ordinance:—

"Dogs that are not collared and labeled, no matter how respectfully connected, will have their narratives amputated one inch south of their ears."

SHAVING A MILLIONAIRE.

Everybody who lives in New Jersey will recall Billy Gibbons the millionaire. He was an eccentric man, and numerous stories are told of his freaks. Here is one of them:

"It seems that Billy, while in a country village, in which he owned some property, stepped into a barber shop to get shaved. The shop was full of customers, and the old gentleman quietly waited for his turn.

A customer who was under the barbers' hands, when the old gentleman came in, asked the 'knight of the razor,' in an undertone, if he knew who that was? and, on receiving a negative reply, he informed him, in a whisper, that he must have drawn a prize in the lottery, or stumbled upon a gold mine, and was keeping barber shop for fun, so he closed the shop in despair and left the place.

Meanwhile, William Harrington, kept as busy as a bee, and one morning his employer stepped in, and, without a word, sat down and was shaved; on rising from his seat he asked to see the score for the six months past. The barber exhibited it, and after a careful calculation the old man said:

"Plenty of customers, eh?"

"Lots of 'em," said the barber, "never did such a business in my life."

"Well," replied Money Bags, "you have kept the account well. I see you paid you one hundred and twenty dollars for your services—all right—and there are three hundred and thirty charged for shaving, all that applied; now, this furniture cost me one hundred and eight dollars; balance due you one hundred and two dollars. Here it is. Now you own this furniture, and are to have this shop rent free six months longer, and after to day you are to charge the regular price for work, for your pay from me stops to day."

This, of course, the barber gladly assented to.

"But," said the old man, on leaving, "take care you never cheat a man by charging ten times the usual price for a shave; for I may be another 'old Billy Gibbons.'"

But the old man, on leaving, "take care you never cheat a man by charging ten times the usual price for a shave; for I may be another 'old Billy Gibbons.'"

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

Violins and Accordions!
And Genuine Italian Violin Strings.

of the very best quality, for sale.

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Has removed his office to the room on Main Street, out front of the new

HOSPEZ BLOCK,

on Main Street, opposite 27th Street, just across from the new

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The Messenger.
HENRY WOODRUFF,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
TEN CENTS DOLLARS PER ANNUM
IN ADVANCE.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ULYSSES S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ELIAS WADDELL,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

W. L. MARSHALL, President;
CHARLES STEPHENS, Secretary.

FIRST DISTRICT:

CHARLES A. COKE, of Houston.

SECOND DISTRICT:

M. B. CHANDLER, of Galveston.

THIRD DISTRICT:

THEODORE SANDER, of Beaumont.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR:
O. P. WHITCOMB,
of Dallas.

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT:
SHERRWOOD HUGHES,
of Dallas.

CONGRESS-SOON TICKET.

For Representative in Congress from
the Third District,
GEN. J. T. AVERILL.

COUNTY C. R. E.

For County Auditor,
DAVID B. LOOMIS,
For Judge of Probate,
E. G. BUTTS.

For County Commissioners,
HARRY WESTING, 25 District,
S. L. COWAN, 34 District.

For State Representatives,
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, 24 District,
J. R. M. GASKILL, 33 District.

OUR STATE INSTITUTIONS

We publish, in another column, the report of the committee appointed to examine the condition of the State Penitentiary in reference to the need of an appropriation of money to be expended upon its buildings.

The emergency is such that it seems quite evident that the State Legislature will, at their next session, make an appropriation for this and the other State charitable institutions unless it is voted at a next election to borrow the requisite amount of funds, and the question is whether the State now in its comparative infancy prefers to pay the whole amount required for these purposes, at once, or to wait to pay the interest of the money so paid.

We think it important that the attention of voters be drawn to this subject, and it is with much satisfaction we publish the report referred to, and also an article received from the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the Hospital for Insane.

It must be evident to all that the arguments in the reports are sound and conclusive in favor of voting "yes" for the proposed amendment at the coming election. Our State Prison and Asylum must be maintained. It is essential to the honor of the State, as well as to the peace and prosperity of its citizens. In our Penitentiary should be no limited or insufficient in its provisions for the confinement of criminals, to just so great an extent with the ends of law violated. The work of our Legislators and courts of justice will be ineffectual if there were no adequate means of keeping the criminals in secure confinement as the penalty of law and justice shall demand.

Again, our asylums are but the outgrowth of civilization and should be cheerfully supported by our State. If there is any class of persons who are deserving of the sympathies and charities of their fellow men, it is to those who are deprived of gifts of nature, disabled them from providing for themselves; or such as are suffering from mental derangement, and whose wants and circumstances our charitable institutions in a most successful and humane way are calculated to meet.

But the accommodations for the deaf and dumb and blind Asylum and the Asylum for the Insane are inadequate for all in our State who should be cared for; especially in the case of the Asylum for the Insane (as we are told by one who visited that institution) so that there is not only at present an urgent demand that buildings of our charitable institutions be improved, but this demand will be increasing as our rapidly growing State increases in population.

Under this condition of things it is quite probable that the next Legislature will make an appropriation to meet the imperative necessities of these institutions, if the people, after the matter being fairly brought before them, fail to vote "yes" to the proposition to borrow the needed amount.

The utility of laws, in the one case, and the dictates of humanity, in the other demand that appropriations of money, which will undoubtedly be made, and policy demands that we secure the amount by borrowing it and paying the interest, rather than at once paying the whole.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., is directed by five female physicians.

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVIII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 18, 1872.

NO. 7

AMENDMENT TO STATE CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING FOR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF STATE PRISON.

We desire to call the attention of the electors throughout the State to the question of the amendment of Article IX of the Constitution of the State by adding thereto a new section, which shall give the Legislature power to issue State bonds to the amount of \$250,000, which are to be applied solely to the completion of the Hospital for the Insane, the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, and the State Prison.

The past two legislatures, after examining into the pressing wants of these institutions, have united in recommending a constitutional amendment authorizing a State loan sufficient to complete these public buildings.

The proposition was voted down at the last election, it is believed, by a misunderstanding, on the part of the voters, of the objects to be attained by the proposed amendment.

We believe it is only necessary that there should be a general understanding of the pressing wants of these institutions, and the object attained by the amendment, to secure its adoption by the people.

We propose to speak practically with reference to the State Prison, leaving to the officers of the other institutions to set forth the needs, which we know are great, of the particular institutions of which they have the immediate charge.

It probably is not generally known that the State Prison is enclosed by a plain fence, so insecure that it has to be propped up from both sides to keep it in place, and during the past summer several rods of this fence were actually blown down by the wind, leaving nothing but the iron posts supporting it.

Of the State Prison it need only be stated that the decided condition of its officers, and of the inmates, is that larger accommodations must be had or a new Penitentiary erected somewhere else.

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The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 18, 1872.

OCTOBER'S SONG.

BY CONSTANTINE F. WOOLSON.

From Henry's Magazine of October.

"Deep brown eyes," sang gay October.

"Deep brown eyes running over with glee;

Blue eyes are pale, and gray eyes are sober,

Brown eyes are the eyes for me,

Black eyes shine in the glowing summer;

With red roses and yellow of corn;

But cold they close with the still autumn,

Silvery frost creeps over the morning;

Blue eyes shimmer with angel glances,

Like Spring violets over the leaves;

But, oh, my graces, my vines and my dances,

What have angels in common with me?

"Go, gray eyes! What know ye of touching,

Gildy with glee from the mere sun-shine!

Go to your books! What know ye of quailing,

Locusts juice from the riotous vine?

All the earth is full of relishing,

Growing is power; having is might;

All the trees are ready for robbing,

Glowing scarlet with rusted fur;

Stay, brown eyes, the purple weather,

A crown of oak leaves with maple bloom;

Shall deck your brow, while gaily together,

We two will wander to hearts content."

Thus October's wild voice was singing,

White on his lip he cunningly paled,

All the red woods with music were ringing,

And brown eyes listened, with foot-steps stayed—

Waited to hear the song beginning,

Listened and laughed through the sunny day;

And earth and sky fell to merry smiling,

As hand in hand they wandered away.

SATURDAY LETTER.

A father, not very far from here, read in the paper the other morning that the Utica girls who wanted their beaux to go home the same night they call, pull at string at the proper hour which reverses a picture, on the back of which appear the words, "10 o'clock is my bedtime."

This father, who has a daughter given to late hours when a certain young sirs up and helps her keep them, thought he would try this Utica plan, so he wrote in large characters, on the back of a huge portrait of George Washington, this inscription:

"10 O'CLOCK IS SALLY'S BEDTIME." Then he hung the picture so that when he sat down a spring to the frame, he could reverse it from his bed chamber. But when Sally entered the room an hour later, her asthetic eye was outraged by observing the portrait of George hanging slightly out of plumb, so to speak, and in adjusting it her father's little game was revealed in all its subtle ingenuity.

Sally was not a Utica girl, however, so she just went to work and neatly effaced the figure "0," leaving the stamping solitary and upright—which you will observe, made a few hours difference in her bed time. That night, as usual, Sally received a visit from her young man—which his front name it was Henry—and her paternal parent attached his string to G. W.'s portrait, and retired to his down couch.

About 10 o'clock, while Henry and Sally were deeply absorbed in some knotty problem, with their needs so contiguous that you couldn't insert a piece of tissue paper between them, the Father of his Country suddenly turned his face to the wall, as if he was ashamed to gaze upon such doings. Henry, with a sudden start, grabbed at the picture, and saw the handwriting on the wall, as it were, which said: "10 o'clock is Sally's bedtime." Then Henry looked at Sally with an interrogation in his eye, which was partly dispelled by the hair maid musing, "It's all right." Henry said of course it was right—that he had long known it was her bedtime, and he thought it was plenty late enough for a young girl to be out of bed, but what business, he said, had George Washington's portrait to be floating about in that way? Then Sally explained—and the twin resumed work on the problem, Henry putting his arms around Sally to prevent her falling off the chair.

Meanwhile, the old man was listening for the front door to open and his would-be son-in-law's foot-steps patterning over the pavement, with the toes of his boots pointing from the house. These sounds not failing upon his ears, and thinking maybe the old thing didn't work right, he gave the string another pull, and George W. again faced the audience. Then he listened, but he heard no footsteps—notching but a peculiar sound, something resembling the popping of champagne corks.

Then he grew cross, and gave the string another jerk, causing G. W. to turn about with violent and unseemly, just as it he was dreadfully out of humor, too.

And still all is quiet below—except that popping sound.

Then the string was pulled again—and again—and again—indicating that the old fellow was just ready to explode with rage. And for fully fifteen minutes did he have the portrait of the man who could not tell a lie turning excited, flipping and things in the wall, until he fell asleep, exhausted—Sally's father fell asleep, not the portrait.

Henry kissed Sallie good night at 10 o'clock, & m., remarking, as he did so, that it would seem like a long, long weary year before she would see her again—because, you know, he didn't expect to see her again until the evening of next day.

The next morning her father examined that portrait, and when he fully understood the situation he was pale. He shed a silent tear, detached the string, and walked away with the weight of 35 years on his shoulders, that being his age. He saw a girl who would go back to her father that way would just fit in, for the sake of the poor parents, but as not disgrace her parents by marrying a Congressman—*B. D. Dadd, in Norristown Herald.*

The Child's Hour.

ACCOMMODATIONS AT THE BANK.

A poor, well dressed individual entered the bank, and addressing the teller, who was something of a young, impudent:

"Is the cashier in?"

"No, sir," was the reply;

"Well, I am dealing in pens; supplying the New England banks pretty largely. I suppose it would be proper for me to deal with the cashier?"

"I suppose it will," said the teller.

"Very well; I will wait."

The pen dealer took a chair and composed for a full half-hour, waiting for the cashier. By that time he began to grow uneasy, and sat twisting in his chair for about twenty minutes, and seeing no prospect of a change in circumstances, asked the teller how soon the cashier would be in.

"Well I shall not know exactly," said the wretched teller, but I expect him in about eight weeks, he has told me he would be back in that time.

Puddler thought he would not wait.

"You may stay if you wish," said the teller very blandly. "We have no objection to your sitting here in the daytime, and you can probably find some place in town where they will be glad to keep you at night."

The pompous puddler disappeared without another word.

PEACE POSTS.

A subscriber asks the best way to prepare peace posts with a view to their preservation. Always pin the upper end of the post in the ground, reversing the position in which it grew. When it is thus placed, the moisture from the ground will not rise so readily as it would if the post was placed in the position of root and downward.

The rising of moisture tends to decompose the wood. A further preventative against decay is to burn the lower end of the post and white-poume it in inclosed coal fire. By burning the tops of posts after they are in convenient to var the whole post above the ground, the application of tar to the sawed end will have an excellent effect.—*Southern Agriculturist.*

A few weeks after the baby Jane's marriage, King Edward VI died. Her husband's father sent her, and upon her arrival the great lords of the royal council demanded in, and kneeling at her feet pronounced her queen.

She was so shocked at this sudden news of the death of the king, her distant cousin and her dearly loved companion that she fainted away. When she recovered from her fainting fit, she refused to accept the crown, saying she had no right to it while the princesses Mary and Elizabeth were alive.

But she was told that the late king signed a decree making her his successor. Then, with modesty, humility, and piety, she accepted the crown, though she would much rather have been left in her quiet, retired, and studious couch.

And now we see the reason why her marriage was forced upon her, her father-in-law, the Duke of Northumberland, expected by this marriage to make his son a king.

When she discovered that this was his intention, she positively refused to let it be done, and told to her husband, who began to whimper over his disappointment:

"The crown is not a plaything for boys and girls, but manly men can make you a king!"

Though she was scarcely more than a child, she remained firm in her decision, against the remonstrances of the duke, her father-in-law, and the upbraidings of the duchess wife.

When she was proclaimed queen all the people received her with joy. Only one person, a boy, dared to object, and he lost his ears in consequence. Nevertheless, in but nine days after, the English people proclaimed the princess Mary, the eldest daughter of Henry VIII, the rightful heir to the throne, as she undeniably was.

After Mary became queen, she reluctantly signed the warrant for death of the lady Jane and her boy husband. So, seven months after she ascended the throne, this queen of nine days found herself a queen of high treason, a prisoner in the Tower and condemned to die.

On the morning of their execution, the 12th of February, 1547, her husband sent for her to take a last farewell. She sent word back that there was no need of such parting.

What Next.

A monthly Magazine for white-wake boys and girls, as good as the best, prettily set, printed on fine paper, and bound in a very elegant style. Magnificent prices for each subscriber and agent. Price \$1.00 per volume, or \$1.25 per number. Subscribers pay \$1.00, and agents \$1.25 per volume. For particular information apply to O. T. THOMAS, 187, Chestnut St., St. Paul.

Tell him," said she, "that in a few hours we shall meet in heaven."

She calmly watched the car which bore the body of herhusband away from the place of execution. Then, dressed in black with a prayer book in her hand, a heavenly smile on her face, tender light in her gray eyes, she passed modestly through the files of troopers and ascended the scaffold.

Turning to the spectators she acknowledged herself guilty of treason, but declared it was not by her own will, but by the counsel of those who appeared to have better understanding of such things than she.

After hearing the prayers of those present and making a prayer herself, she held her head upon the block; the executioner begged her pardon for what he was about to do, while she freely gave him the blow and her earthly troubles were over.

Thus, before she was eighteen, died one of the most innocent, beautiful, wise and saintly of women, still ring the death of a criminal to the soul of her parents.

Wm. M. McClellan, Pub. L. Aug. 1872.

HATS & CAPS!

SHIRTS, COLLARS,

LADIES' & GENTS'

HOSIERY,

In a variety of Styles.

Also, a general assortment

Fancy Goods.

which will be sold very low at the store of

Wm. H. Jacobs,

just in

Chestnut Street.

CORNMAN & LECKY.

Attorneys at Law,

Hence in Holman's Block corner of Main and Chestnut Streets.

STILLWATER, MINN.

L. R. COLEMAN, THOMAS LECKY.

H. M. CRANDALL,

Druggist & Apothecary.

Dates in

PAINTS

OILS,

VAR. VISHES,

PUTTY,

WINDOW GLASS

Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

NO. 5 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Opposite First National Bank,

Aug. 16 STILLWATER, MINN.

BUTLER & GRAY,

Commission Merchants

Steamboat & Express Agents.

And dealers in

GRAIN, PRODUCE,

PROVISIONS,

NOTIONS

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

IRON,

STEEL,

AND NAILS.

HARD-WARE,

WOODEN WARE,

GLASS-WARE,

AND CROCKERY

ARLOR AND

COOKING STOVES.

TIN-WARE

And A Good Many Other

Things To Numerous

To Mention!

WE WIRKED.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

Violins and Accordions!

And Genuine

Italian Strings.

of the very best quality, for sale

AT REBURNERS,

Aug. 1872.

ADAM MARTY,

SIGN AND CARRIAGE

PAINTER,

Second St. above Sawyer House

Stillwater, Minn.

The Messenger.

FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1875.

LOCAL NEWS.

BREVITIES.

The beautiful Indian summer weather continues uninterrupted.

Sister meets his dancing class at Concert Hall, Saturday afternoon.

Rev. Mr. Ellinger, of St. Paul, will preach at the University Church, next Sunday.

Harry Robinson's Minstrels appear at Concert Hall, on Tuesday, November 10th.

Mr. J. E. Schenck has returned from the East, where he bought a fine stock of goods.

Hon. H. D. Barron, of St. Croix Falls, one of the late guests at the Sawyer House.

Mr. E. W. Durant left yesterday for a business trip down the river, to be absent about a week.

Mr. Hooper's new brick building on Second Street, is a handsome as well as substantial structure.

A team crowd went on the railroad excursion to St. Paul, Wednesday evening, to see the Black Crook.

Rev. E. B. Wright, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, leaves on Monday for his new home, at Austin, Texas.

Mr. N. B. Thorpe, of St. Louis, who has been at home spending the summer months at Marine, left for home on Thursday.

The Greeley Democracy on Saturday evening, nominated Mr. E. W. Durant as a candidate for the Legislature from this district.

The wall of the Court House yard is having the esp stones put on; when the sidewalks are put down the people will be interrupted with enthusiasm again.

The room over Kaufman's store, formerly occupied by the Gazette Office, is to be used by the Police, as headquarters.

Out of over two hundred million feet of logs that were boomed here this season, but about twenty-five million are now on hand.

The Railroad Company is putting the wagon road down along the foot of the bluff, known as "Slab Alley," in good condition.

Dan Fry has enlarged his new block the "Iron Clad," by extending it further to the rear. That speaks well for Dan's business.

Mr. Wm. G. Bronson has been chosen as Second Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, in place of M. H. P. West, who has resigned.

We are glad to see that Maj. A. Van Vorhees, who has had within a couple of weeks two severe attacks of sickness, is able to be out again.

Tax St. Paul Pioneer items that 200 prominent citizens of Stillwater escaped Hon. J. N. Castle to see the Black Crook, Wednesday evening.

A pass will be given at the German School House, on Pine street, next Thursday evening, by Schilling's String Band, for the benefit of the band. A good time is expected.

Tax Street Commissioner has been directed by the City Council to repair the street between Staples' mill and the Penitentiary, under instructions from the City Surveyor.

The little son of Mr. T. H. Perkins, of the Red Wing Republican, formerly of this city, died on the 15th. He was an only child, a very bright and promising boy, a little over five years old.

Farewell, the Wahala murderer, who was sentenced to be hung, and had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, was brought here on Monday evening and placed in the penitentiary.

U. S. Marshal Cleveland was in the city Monday. He brought with him Nicholas Henri, who sold whiskey to the Indians that murdered the Cook family. The prisoner was sentenced to thirteen months in the penitentiary and will meet with abundant success.

The State Board of Equalization was in session in St. Paul last week, and assessed the total value of real estate or personal property in this county, except shares of National Bank stock, which were ordered assessed at fifty per cent. of their par value.

Mr. Wm. Graves, of Red Wing, arrived in the city to-day, his old friend will be glad to learn that he intends to make Stillwater his home again, next spring. He is one of the firm of Torius, Graves & Chambers, who are to have one of the largest saw mills at Baytown.

Tax St. Paul, Stillwater & Taylor Falls Railroad Company have made an application for condemnation for their use, of about thirty blocks of property near lower Third and Fourth streets, St. Paul, valued at three thousand dollars (\$1,000) in full for all claims under this county, except shares of National Bank stock, which were ordered assessed at fifty per cent. of their par value.

One hundred and fifty thousand bushel wheat has been received, from barges, at the elevator during the past week; and what is more it was forwarded Duluth as fast as it was received.

In two different days of ten hours, each day a large day was the end result. It has been a busy time and is likely to be for a while.

Only about 15,000 bushels from one dock.

Price from \$5 to \$7 per bushel.

LUCIA AHL.

ELEVATOR.

The following receipt speaks well for the promptness and reliability of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in full for all claims under this county, except shares of National Bank stock, which were ordered assessed at fifty per cent. of their par value.

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The boys about town say, Selleck's guitar can get the "noisy out," and make good time every time.

OPENING THIRD STREET.

RUTTOWN.

The people of the city will be gratified to learn that the City Council are taking measures to open Th d Street through the old cemetery grounds, and out to the pleasant and slightly residence grounds beyond, which have hitherto been left in a lamentable unaccustomed condition.

The old cemetery too, since the remains interred there were ordered to be removed to the new cemetery. A part of them only were removed, graves left open, and cows and animals of all kinds left to roam at will through the shadowy looking grounds.

This is by nature one of the most attractive portions of the city, and the immediate neighborhood thickly settled, it is particularly unique and undesirable to the residents, and the neighborhood, and the city generally.

He uses that the official order on our first page to remove the remains will be rigidly enforced. Third Street is the only street that it is practicable to open over both bluffs clear through the city, from end to end in one continuous straight street. It will also open when the cemetery is opened, both there and beyond, some of the most desirable portions of the city for residences, the inhabitants of which certainly are entitled to some decent means of access to their homes.

All this looks like business, and increased rapidly of growth for many years. With the expansion of the city, and with upper town and those extensive improvements at Baytown, the time seems rapidly approaching, as it ought, when a large proportion of the St. Croix lumber product will be manufactured here, adding greatly to the growth, prosperity, and importance of our city.

There will be an auction sale of parlor furniture and household goods at O'Connor's auction room, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

LOGS AND LUMBER.

Maj. John H. Howell, editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, addressed the Grant and Wilson Club, at Concert Hall, on Wednesday evening. His address was eloquent, logical and complete vindication of Gen. Grant and the Republican party, from the base standard that has been upheld upon the platform of the party, as well as a scathing criticism of the administration of Gen. Hersey, and the Great movement and its leader. The address was a earnest eloquence, and was one of the very best heard here. Gen. Hersey does speak tonight.

So that the impression was given that the meeting was postponed by author-

ity. This dodge kept many away, but yet the audience was quite a respectable one, and very enthusiastic and enjoyable.

Just received a fine stock of fall and winter styles of hats and caps at Selleck's.

PERSONAL.—Mr. W. H. Mason, of the firm of Mason & Ferguson, State Agents of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., is stopping in town a week.

Mr. Mason is a well known insurance agent, and has a large amount of experience.

The economy of the Sunday School Union, have appointed next Sunday and Monday days of private and invited public prayer, only the schools throughout the land, the special topic being the on-going work of the Holy Spirit on teachers and pupils.

CHAS. C. CHAPIN.

ROASTS & STEAKS.

10 CENTS.

STAPLES, JOE & HERREYS.

See our Model in our 2nd Floor.

COOKING STOVES.

NEW STYLES.

For COAL & WOOD.

At 20, full size.

COOKING STOVES.

NEW STYLES.

TIN AND JAPANNED HARDWARE.

Which I shall sell cheap for cash.

TIN ROOFING.

UTTERS & CONDUCTORS.

AND ALL KINDS OF.

JOB BING.

Done on short notice and at reasonable prices. Jobbing Store.

Main Street, Stillwater, Minn.

O. A. RICKER.

N. B. All goods delivered ready without charge.

LUMBER!

ST. CROIX STEAM GANG SAW MILLS.

Main Street, Stillwater, Minn.

ISAAC STAPLES,

Manufacturer, Job and Wholesale Dealer in All Kinds of.

Pine, Black Walnut, Butternut and Oak Lumber.

Dimension, LATHE, WAINSCOTING, SHINGLES, FLOORING, SIDING, MOLDINGS, CANINGS.

Kids, Bedding, Furniture, etc.

Warranted in every particular, which we are prepared to furnish at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Goods delivered in City to purchasers free of charge. Persons buying five or more barrels, may have same at a discount price.

WHEN YOU BUY, BUY WITH A CHARGE.

DRY GOODS,

AND

CARPETS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN

Summer Dress Goods,

Ladies' Ready-Made Suits,

Lace and Grenadine Shawls,

PARASOLS &c.

MOORE & KINSELLA,

In Lake House Block,

General Dealers in Groceries and Provisions.

All Goods Delivered in City Limits free of Charge.

SEYMOUR, SABIN & CO.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING EXTREMELY AND WILL SELL AT ST. PAUL PRICES, THEREBY SAVING

FREE FREIGHT TO OUR CUSTOMERS—GUARANTEEING ALL WORK TO BE UP TO THE

MARKET STANDARD AND SATISFACTORY IN ALL RESPECTS.

Siding, Flooring, Mouldings, Brackets, Frames,

PLANING, MATCHING, SCROLL-SAWING, TURNING, &c &c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A LARGE LOT OF STOVES & C.

The public are invited to call at Torius, Staples & Co.'s Stove Store, and examine what is there to be seen in the line of stoves, ranges, and heating apparatus.

They have recently received a large invoice of stoves and two or three of every kind. They include in their stock various patterns of cooking stoves, parlor, box, cast and sheet iron stoves, working and parlour stoves.

Mr. C. S. CURTIS' Millinery and Ladies' Furnishing Store.

GREAT CHEMICAL DISCOVERIES.

For cleaning White Kid Gloves, lace Collars, White Velvet, White Fur, Ostrich Plumes and the finest Satins and Silk without injury to the least.

Prepared and sold at

Mrs. C. S. CURTIS' Millinery and Ladies' Furnishing Store.

COOK APPLES.—F. E. Joy & Co.,

are receiving now, and will be till the close of the season, several times a week, the choicest of winter apples, of all varieties and offer them at the lowest market prices. A good chance to secure your winter apples.

STOVE, TIN,

AND

HARDWARE BUSINESS

IN ALL ITS FORMS.

And by fair dealing with my customers, hope to get a share of the public patronage. I have just received a large stock of

COOKING STOVES

NEW STYLES,

For COAL & WOOD

At 20, full size.

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Historical Society

The Messenger.
HENRY WOODRUFF,
Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM
IN ADVANCE.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
CLAUDE S. GALT,
OF ILLINOIS.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HENRY W. O. CO.,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
OF CALIFORNIA.

W. H. MASTERS, of Boston;
CHARLES KELLOGG, of New York;

FIRST DISTRICT:
CHARLES A. COOK, of Boston;

SECOND DISTRICT:
M. S. HENDERSON, of Boston;

THIRD DISTRICT:
THOMAS SANDEL, of Boston.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR,
O. P. WHITCOMB;

FOR CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT;
SHERWOOD HOWES,
of Boston.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Representative in Congress from
the Third District.

GEN. J. T. AVERILL.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Auditor,
DAVID B. LOOMIS;

For Judge of Probate,
E. G. BUTTS;

For County Commissioners,
HENRY WESTING, 2d District,

S. L. COWAN, 3d District.

For State Representatives,
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, 2d District;

J. R. M. GASKILL, 3d District.

Mr. W. W. W. does well for a
couple of weeks has done a large
portion of the editorial work upon
the *Messenger*, and has contributed
to its columns to a considerable
extent for some time past, will
hereafter have his own
immediate control and we expect to
be absent much of the time during
the remainder of the year. Also,
a practical printer and suc-
cessful newspaper man, who thor-
oughly understands the business
will soon be associated with us,
the proprietors of the paper—
will become a prominent member
of Stillwater in the list of fun-
nary, if not before.

Thankful for the favor with
which the oligarchs of the
Messenger and the efforts made
it a good newspaper by them—
received, we earnestly pray, increased
endeavor in their direction.

We have already made a special
mention of the Republican nomi-
nations on the county ticket, and it is
hardly necessary to do so again.
They are wellknown they are hon-
est, straightforward business men—
not a shilling, crooked, officious or
greedy politician. Let him have a
ruling majority.

Judge Butts, who is also nominated
without any advertising about
his part, is in every way just &
man for the place.

Messrs. Murdock and Gaskill are
to be sent to the Legislature as
they ought to be. The people of
the state are destined to be well
in remunerating Mr. Gaskill. Mr.
Murdock represented this city most
satisfactorily last winter. It is
but just to him, as well as for the
good of the people, to return such
a vigilant, faithful and energetic
representative. The nomination
in the lower district we have no
learned.

It is not necessary to tell about
Mr. Henry Westing, the County
Commissioner to be from this city.
He has the confidence of all. Let
his friends show what a good
majority they can give for the whole
ticket.

Capt. S. L. Cowan, Commissioner
from the Third District, will, as he
deserves to be, triumphantly elected
to the office he has filled so
worthily.

Indeed, it seems superfluous to
say as much as we have. Our local
ticket can rank proudly with our
National, State and Congressional
tickets.

In the great victory about to
ours, we hope that the people of
this city and county will turn out,
every one, and by a great majority,
and vindicating the rights of
Southern states, by among the
banner counties of the State, in the
rebuff of a slave party with its
shame practices.

We have already referred to the
active, efficient and faithful services
rendered by our Representative
in Congress, Gen. J. T. Averill,
during his term there. We are
glad to see that these services are
recognized throughout the district
and that the majority which will
return him will probably be large,
as it deserves to be. We trust
that the Republicans voter will be
induced, by any trickery, to neg-

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVIII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1872.

NO. 8

Let us cast our vote for this efficient
and honest man, who has done so
well and faithfully. The interest
of the popular cause in his hands,
let the Greeley Democracy hear
by a grand majority for Averill,
another lesson, and at the same
time a man to be returned who will
faithfully fill all localities, and water
out regard to partisan motives.

PROPOSED SHIP CANAL FROM
THE GREAT LAKES TO
LARGE SHIPS.

GREAT ADVANTAGES TO ACCURE TO
THE CITY AND THE WHOLE
NORTHWEST.

For years the subject of building
a ship canal which should connect
the Mississippi with the Great
Lakes has occasionally been bro-
ught to the attention of the public. But
probably from the fact that it was
an enterprise which apparently
in general were interested
and none in particular, but very
little carried out has been made
in the matter, and coupled with
this, a hindrance to the scheme,
is the cost of the canal and dredging
highway for the cheap shipment
of grain and other produce to the
Eastern States and to the
old world. One steamship lines
and powerful railroad monopolies
at the present time almost dictate
to the farmer what price he shall
receive for his produce, by the
exorbitant prices they set to him
for shipping.

The country, too, requires the
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The country, too, requires the
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highway for the cheap shipment
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The Messenger.
HENRY WOODRUFF,
Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM
IN ADVANCE.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
CLASSES S. G. A.
OF ILLINOIS.
ROV VICE PRESIDENT,
HENRY WADDELL,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
AT LARGE.

MR. R. MULFORD, of Boston;
CHARLES KIPPENSON of Fredericksburg;

FIRST DISTRICT:
CHARLES A. COOK, of Boston;

SECOND DISTRICT:
M. S. CHANDLER, of G. O. DAVIS,

THIRD DISTRICT:
THOMAS SANDER, of Boston.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR,
O. H. WHITCOMB;

FOR CLERK OR SURGEON COURT:
SHERWOOD HOUGH,

OF BOSTON.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Representative in Congress from
the Third District.

GEN. J. T. AVERILL.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Auditor,
DAVID B. LOOMIS;

For Judge of Probate,
E. G. BUTTER.

For County Commissioners,
HENRY WESTING, 2d District;

S. L. COWAN, 3d District.

For State Representatives,
HOLLY E. MURDOCK, 2d District;

J. B. M. GASKILL, 3d District.

Mr. W. W. We doff our cap for a couple of weeks has done a large portion of the editorial work upon the *Messenger*, and has contributed to its columns to a considerable extent for some time past, will henceforward have no immediate control and we expect to be absent much of the time during the remainder of the year. Mr. A. practical printer and successful newspaper man, who thoroughly understands the business, will soon associate us, and will become a prominent member of Stillwater in the list of January, if not before.

Thankful for the favor with which the editorship of the *Messenger* and the efforts to make it a good newspaper have been received, we can confidently promise increased endeavor in their direction in the future.

We have already in the opinion of the Republican nomination on our county ticket, and it is hardly necessary to do so again. They are well-known they are honest, straight forward, public spirited, and capable men, and worthy of the positions they are to fill.

We are glad to see that Republicans, and even many Democrats, are so enthusiastic in their support of Mr. D. B. Loomis as County Auditor. He is an honest, straight-forward business man, not a shifting, changeable, seeking politician. Let him stand a robbing party.

Judge Butts, who is also nominated without any solicitation on his part, is in every way just and fit for the place.

Messrs. Murdock and Gaskill are to be sent to the Legislature as they ought to be. The people of the upper districts have done well in nominating Mr. Gaskill. Mr. Murdock represented this city most satisfactorily last winter. It is but just to him, as well as for the good of the people, to recur such a vigilant, faithful and capable representative. The nomination in the lower district we have no learned.

It is not necessary to tell the people of Stillwater anything about Mr. Henry Westing, the County Commissioner to be from this city. He has the confidence of all. Let his friends show what a good and capable representative. The nomination in the lower district we have no learned.

Capt. S. L. Cowan, Commissioner from the Third District, will, as he deserves to be, triumphantly elected to the office he has filled so worthily.

Indeed, it seems superfluous to say as much as we have. Our local ticket can rank prominently with our National, State and Congressional ones.

In the great victory about to be ours, we hope that the people of this city and county will turn out, every one, and by a greatly increased majority, and voting the tickets straight through, he among the banner counties of the State, in the rebuke of a sham party, with its sham pretences.

We have already referred to the active, efficient and faithful services rendered by our Representative in Congress, Gen. J. T. Averill, during his term there. We are glad to see that these services are recognized throughout the district and that the majority which will return him will probably be large, as it deserves to be. We trust that the Republican voter will be induced, by any trickery, to neg-

STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVIII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1872.

NO. 8

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Let me cast his vote for this efficient
active servant, who has done so
well and faithfully. The interest
of the people are safe in his hands.

Let the Greeley Democracy hold
by a grand majority for Averill,
another lesson, and at the same
time in no returned who will be
aptitudinal to all localities, and
concerned regard to partisan motives.

PROPOSED SHIP CANAL, FROM
THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER TO
LAKE SUPERIOR.

GRATUITOUS ADVICE TO
THE CITY AND THE WHOLE
NORTHWEST.

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The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1872.

ENDURANCE

How much the heart may bear and yet
not break!

How much the flesh may suffer and
not die!

I question much if any pain or ache
Of soul or body brings our end more
nigh.

Death chooses his own time; till that
is won.

All evils may be borne.

We shrink and shudder at the sur-
geon's knife;

Each nerve recoiling from too cruel
steel,

whose edge seems searching for the
everlasting life;

Yet to our sense the bitter pang re-
veals.

That still, although the trembling flesh
be torn,

This also can be borne.

We see a sorrow rising in our way,

And try to flee from the approach-
ing ill.

We seek the small escape—we weep
and pray—

Not that the pain is of its sharpness
shorn—

But think it can be borne.

We wind our life about another life—

We hold it closer, dearer than our
own—

Amon it faints and falls in deadly strife

Leaving us stunned and stricken and
alone;

But ah! we do not die with those who
mourn—

This, also, can be borne.

Behold, we live through all things—

famine, thirst,

Bitter—pains, pain! all grief and
misery;

All woe and sorrow! life inflicts its
worst

On soul and body—but we cannot
die,

Though we be sick and tired and faint
and worn;

Lo! all things can be borne.

—Good Words.

NAPOLON II. DUKES OF REIN-

SPUR.—There is something ex-

citingly touching in the history

of the unfortunate duke, who, dur-

ing his final illness, thus composed

his own epitaph: "Napoleon Fran-

cis Joseph Charles Bonaparte;

born King of Rome—died Lieu-

tenant in the Austrian artillery!"

Handsome, accomplished, brave,

the inheritor of a splendid name

and dazzling glory; loved almost

to idolatry by the country in which

his childhood was passed; a mag-

nificent future stretching before

him—fate frowned upon his bri-

lliant prospects, gave him a weak

constitution, wretched health, bit-

ter disappointment, and was only

kind in leading him to an early grave.

He breathed his last at

Schonbrunn, in the chamber once

occupied by his father, and in the

neighborhood of the imperial chal-

can where he was wont to take his

solitary walks.

He seems to have been comple-

tely blase from his childhood, and of

so melancholy a temperament that

scarcely anything gave him pleasure.

Everything was done to cure

him of his gloomy indifference, and,

when all else had failed, he met in

one of his lonely rambles a beau-

tiful peasant girl, with whom he fell

in love at first sight. She ap-

peared to return his affection. Her

solitude removed him from his leis-

ure, and endowed him with new life.

She first taught him the na-

ture of happiness, and by her pres-

ence the dreary emptiness of his

being was delightfully filled. Peo-

ple as she was, she was graceful,

accomplished, witty, and, to his

first fancy, she was a goddess on

the earth. He revealed to her all

the sources of his discontent,

poised into her confiding ear the

secrets of his thoughts and the

aspirations of his feelings. She was

the single break of blue in his

clouded sky, and in that blue was

set the star of hope.

One evening he was in the city,

and attended the opera. When the

ballet came on, among all the dan-

cers suddenly flashed a form of

wondrous beauty and grace, agile

as a fawn, like a spirit, and the

theatre echoed and re-echoed with

welcome to the new divinity of the

dance. The pale youth flushed,

and his heart beat quick.

Was he dreaming, or was the

syphilitic creature bounding and

whirling on the stage his beloved

Marie, whom he had preferred be-

fore all the ladies of the court?

He rubbed his eyes and leaned

forward, his very soul burning;

"I did not mistake."

The lovely and guileless pean-

til whom he had worshipped and

admitted to the innermost sanctu-

ary of his spirit and the magnifi-

cence of the opera were one

and the same. The blazing theatre

grew dim; the tumultuous applause

was no longer heard; the unhappy

prince gasped, struggled, swooned,

and amidst much excitement was

borne to his carriage.

The charming dancer who had

mesmerized him was the famous

Pannie Edder, then at the begin-

ning of her extraordinary con-

quests and career. She had al-

lowed herself to be used by her

relatives as a bait to ensnare the

young duke's affections, in the hope

that through her some interest in

it might be awakened. The in-

genuous and handsome boy pleased

her, no doubt. Her vanity was

gratified at the expense of her

final faith. He never recovered, it

is said, from this sudden and ter-

rible shock, and she was liberal-

ly paid.—From "Down the Dan-

ube," by JUNIOR HENRY BROWN,

In Harper's Magazine, for Novem-

ber.

GEMS OF THOUGHT.

"There is something that sings
when all is still—it is the good
within our own souls."

"FONCIEVNESS to the injured does
belong, but they ne'er pardon who
have done the wrong."

"NONE but he who entirely re-
nounces himself is worthy to go
with me."—Goethe.

"WHEN we talk in the darkness
we speak more faithfully than when
we see each other's face, and we
say more."

"LIFE according to the Arabic
proverb is composed of two parts,
that which is past, a dream, and that
which is to come, a wish."

"THE only way to be sure you
haven't any thing to do with your
own disadvantage, is to know nothing
of your own disadvantage."

"A CENSUS TAKING ANECDOTE."

"In endeavoring to take the cen-

sus for the government, the census
officers occasionally meet with such
difficulties as well nigh to deprive
them of their own sences. The
following took place in Canal

street, New Orleans:

"Who is the head of this family?"

"It depends upon circumstances;
if before 11 o'clock, it's me; if after,
it's my wife."

"How so?"

"Because, after 11 o'clock he's
a piper, and unable to take care of
himself; let alone his family."

"What is his age?"

"Coming next March."

"How long has he been married?"

"No, I don't know Finnegan;"

"And if I did it would not help the
matter. Is your husband an
Irishman?"

"Och, then, he's ailin' entirely.

He has rheumatis worse than old

Diamond, & he was tidded wid
'em."

"How many male members have
you in the family?"

"Nivir a one."

"Boys up? Ah, murther, go
home! We have boys enough to
feed four loaves of bread for
breakfast."

"When were you married?"

"The day Pat Doyle left Tippe-

peh for America. Ah, well I
mind it. A sunshined day never

gilded so cold Ireland!"

"What was the condition of your
husband before marriage?"

"Divil a man more miserable. He
said if I odnt give him a promise
to work for me, he'd blow his
brain out with a crow-bar."

"What was he at the time of
marriage, a widow or a bache-

lor?"

"A which? A widow did you
say? Ah, now go away with your
nonsense. It's the likes of me that
would take up a second-hand
husband? A poor devil all legs and
no backbone, like a sick tor-
key. A widow? May I never be
blessed if I'd rather live an old
widow, and bring up a family on
buttermilk and prates."

Here the dialogue ended, the
marital coming to the conclusion
that he could "make more" next
door. Whether he did we will
know at some future time.

MONKEYS AND BEERS.

The learned author of "The De-
scendant of Man," while noticing that

animals often suffer from disor-

ders that afflict ourselves, might have

added that, in some cases, they are

not free from our vices also. Ac-

The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1872.

LOCAL NEWS.

German Republic can Meeting.

DR. FRED. W. BOGEN

Of Washington, who has addressed large audiences of his German fellow citizens in this and other cities, will give a lecture at the German Hall in this city, on Friday evening of this week.

Dr. Bogen is an earnest and eloquent speaker, and the occasion will no doubt, be a delightful and interesting one.

Grant and Wilson Club.

Senator Alex. Ramsey

HON. J. A. COMERFORD

Will address the Grant and Wilson Club and the people generally, at Comerford Hall in this city, Tuesday evening, Oct. 29th.

The many friends of Senator Ramsey will be glad to see and hear him on that occasion; it is not necessary to tell who he is.

Mr. Comerford is among the very active and eloquent speakers of the State. He has been filling appointments almost every night for weeks. In many places where he has been he is ranked as the best speaker they have heard, and second to no stumper in the State. His audiences in St. Paul and Minneapolis are most enthusiastic in his favor.

BREVITIES.

The police are after the juveniles who fire pistols within the city limits.

Six advertisements in the first page, help wanted at the Sanger House.

Jesus L. O'Brien, of this city, won the third prize, a baby's blanket, at the Orphan's Fair at St. Paul.

The resignation of Rev. W. G. Haskell, pastor of the Universalist Church, to take effect Nov. 1st, has been accepted.

REMEMBER the Oyster Supper next Tuesday evening at Schenk's Hall, give by the Ladies of the Methodist Church.

Rev. Mr. Orris will visit our city and conduct the services in the First Presbyterian (Myrtle Street) Church next Sabbath morning and evening.

There have just received 200 bushels of choice Winter Apples at the Red Warehouse, and offer them at \$1. Good its warranted.

Evening news—Queen Esther will probably be given in this city under the management of Mr. Blodgett. Applications to commence next week.

Mr. B. B. Meeker, of the Second street, mentioned in last week's Messenger, belongs to Mr. Henry Westing, and is being built for him by Mr. Arthur Stevens.

500 bushels of which were received this week at the elevator, for barges, and 2,000 from teams. Farm hands to be holding backs & little account of prices, which are from 92 to 98 cents.

Several pistols, some of them loaded, have been taken from small boys in the Central School building during the past week. Parents had best see that the children do not carry these weapons, as serious accidents might occur. We understand that offenses of this nature are sufficient cause for expulsion.

Dr. J. C. Rhodes is a lucky man. He has just received a surprise from his friends, John Mitchell and family, Canastota, N. Y., whom he visited last year, consisting of a case of 1000 of delicious prunes as we ever saw, from their twenty acre vineyard. They are large, delicious and fine looking, perfectly sound and ripe. And, by-the-way, we are lucky too, for there are no accidentals.

Mr. B. B. Meeker, of Minneapolis, president of an association of the building of a ship canal from the St. Croix to the Mississippi, was in the city on Monday evening. He will invite him to address them on that subject. An article bearing upon this proposition will be found upon page 2.

There was a large audience of the First Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening to listen to the lecture of Rev. E. B. Wright to young men, on the subject "Mr. Great Heart." The lecture was an able and interesting one.

The most recent of many who Dr. Wright has consented to read a portion of "The Great Heart," which will appear in next week's Messenger.

Rev. H. B. Warner, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of this city, left on Monday morning for his new field of labor, at Austin, Texas. His congregation and acquaintances, and the people generally will regret his loss, for he is an earnest Christian gospel man, and one who has done so important work here. He will carry with him the best wishes and full confidence of them all, in the new and arduous field of labor, which he feels it to be his duty to occupy.

Acrobats are becoming alarmingly frequent. Last Monday morning a German named Krueger had his arm broken and badly mangled by being caught in a shaft, and on Wednesday, a German had three fingers of his left hand cut off by a saw, at the same place (Kemmerer's Mill). Dr. Miller had and may dress the wounds. The same day a man whose horses were frightened by a locomotive in lower town, leaped out of his wagon and hit his shoulder on the shoulder. A little later in the evening the son of Mr. Goldie, a Parisian, while playing in the barn, lost his arm.

For the first Chemical Discovery prepared and sold at Mrs. Curtis'.

THE BAND REVIVAL.

"BANGOR."

OUR NEW BAYTOWN SUBLEKS

WHAT OTHER PEOPLE THINK OF OUR RESOURCES AND PROSPECTS.

We gave in an article in the Messenger last week, some particulars relating to the city, in addition to that given in an article in our paper of Aug. 16th, and later numbers. More and additional particulars, together with some which were then not quite ready to be given to the public were reserved for this week's paper.

But instead of giving them separately, as in the article in the St. Paul Press of Tuesday, although that article also contains some points given in the Messenger of last week and previously. We do this in order to show the view that disinterested parties take of our prospects and resources, and because the Press having especially in view the prosperity of St. Paul, would not be likely to exaggerate either our possibilities or advantages.

The reader will be interested by one given in the Press article, in regard to the ship limits of Stillwater, being about a mile from the Company's grounds. The fact is that Stillwater has grown out far beyond its old city limits, and is settled clear down to Baytown—this new manufacturing point being a part of our city, and adding to its wealth.

But the following is from the Press article:

The St. Croix Railroad and Improvement Company—A new town of and with two miles of land, situated on the St. Croix River, opposite Stillwater, Minnesota.

Yesterdays number of the St. Paul Daily News gives a good account of the work that he commenced last year, in bringing before the world the important productions and great resources of Minnesota.

The display of the State Fair was good showing for us, will also be that makes at the Fair of the American Institute.

Spiced vegetables, fruit and grain were also exhibited from all parts of State.

From Winona and Fort Garry, and also from Dakotah Territory came fine specimens of grain and vegetables. And the display of our companies provided which left the depot under the care of Conductor Frank Williams, at 10:30 A. M.

PERSONAL.

The members of the party were, Peter Borkey and lady, Horace Johnson and wife, J. H. and wife, and Mrs. E. Hersey, Capt. R. D. Brinkley, Dr. Day, A. H. Wilder, N. D. DeGraff, Geo. H. Mackay, of Boston, A. B. Stickney, G. S. Sewell, P. H. Kelley, Isaac Staples, L. E. Purvis, Dr. Murphy, and the reporters.

THE ROAD.

Is built in almost a straight line from St. Paul to Stillwater, and has three or four stretches of about four miles each of one line track. This road is about twenty miles in length at present, runs through the limits of the limits of the subordi-

nates at its terminus a splendid farm country, partly timbered, rolling and diversified with beautiful lakes, among which is

BASS LAKE.

A lovely sheet of water, twelve miles from St. Paul, and about six miles from Stillwater. It has a few rods south of the road, and is about a half a mile long by a half a mile wide with fine smooth shores and protected by its banks and groves to make a very safe place for pleasure sailing, swimming, etc., and in summer is an early day to become a favorite watering place and picnic ground for the people of St. Paul.

The railroad company owns 100 acres of land at this point, bordering on the lake, including three other lakes.

They will, during the coming summer, lay a perfectly beautiful park with picturesque drives, etc., according to a plan to be furnished by Mr. Cleveland, the celebrated landscape gardener and engineer, of Chicago. They have the road, the station, the platform, and the buildings between the station and the hotel.

The mill will be the home of a bowling alley and billiard room.

It will be the home of a large number of families, mostly middle class, engaged in business, etc., and will probably be located near the station.

The improvement company has on its lands a live water, on which is now located Parry's grist mill, below which they have a thirty foot fall for a further power, which will doubtless be made to work.

The facilities offered here for other manufacturing enterprises will be

readily seen, as in other localities.

It is to be the home of a large number of families, mostly middle class, engaged in business, etc., and will probably be located near the station.

Wabash River empties into the lake nearly opposite the headwaters of Bangor, and on this river a large amount of timber is cut annually, which will be practically controlled by those mills.

Here then, it is evident, is room and scope for great enterprises, under circumstances most favorable. Manufacturing must make a large amount of timber, and will have a capacity of forty thousand feet to ten hours.

They will, during the coming summer, lay a perfectly beautiful park with picturesque drives, etc., according to a plan to be furnished by Mr. Cleveland, the celebrated landscape gardener and engineer, of Chicago. They have the road, the station, the platform, and the buildings between the station and the hotel.

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